



GCSE MARKING SCHEME

SUMMER 2018

GCSE
CHEMISTRY - COMPONENT 1

C410U10-1 C410UA0-1

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INTRODUCTION

This marking scheme was used by WJEC for the 2018 examination. It was finalised after detailed discussion at examiners' conferences by all the examiners involved in the assessment. The conference was held shortly after the paper was taken so that reference could be made to the full range of candidates' responses, with photocopied scripts forming the basis of discussion. The aim of the conference was to ensure that the marking scheme was interpreted and applied in the same way by all examiners.

It is hoped that this information will be of assistance to centres but it is recognised at the same time that, without the benefit of participation in the examiners' conference, teachers may have different views on certain matters of detail or interpretation.

WJEC regrets that it cannot enter into any discussion or correspondence about this marking scheme.

GCSE CHEMISTRY COMPONENT 1: Concepts in Chemistry

MARK SCHEME

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

Recording of marks

Examiners must mark in red ink.

One tick must equate to one mark (apart from the questions where a level of response mark scheme is applied).

Question totals should be written in the box at the end of the question.

Question totals should be entered onto the grid on the front cover and these should be added to give the script total for each candidate.

Marking rules

All work should be seen to have been marked.

Marking schemes will indicate when explicit working is deemed to be a necessary part of a correct answer.

Crossed out responses not replaced should be marked.

Credit will be given for correct and relevant alternative responses which are not recorded in the mark scheme.

Extended response question

A level of response mark scheme is used. Before applying the mark scheme please read through the whole answer from start to finish. Firstly, decide which level descriptor matches best with the candidate's response: remember that you should be considering the overall quality of the response. Then decide which mark to award within the level. Award the higher mark in the level if there is a good match with both the content statements and the communication statements.

Marking abbreviations

The following may be used in marking schemes or in the marking of scripts to indicate reasons for the marks awarded.

cao = correct answer only
ecf = error carried forward

bod = benefit of doubt

Foundation Tier only questions

	Question	Marking details			Marks a	vailable		
	Question	warking details	AO1	AO2	AO3	Total	Maths	Prac
1	(a)	oxygen 78% all correct (2) any two correct (1) carbon dioxide 0.9% argon 0.04%	2			2		
	(b)	carbon dioxide decreased and oxygen increased	1			1		
	(c)	(sulfur burns) forming sulfur dioxide (1) (sulfur dioxide) reacts with rain / water OR (which forms sulfuric acid/sulfurous acid) (1) kills forests / kills fish / damages statues / corrodes metals (1)	3			3		
	(d)	since 1995 there has been a small decrease in the amount of sulfur dioxide released the amount of sulfur dioxide decreased rapidly between 1990 and 1995			2	2	2	
		Question 1 total	6	0	2	8	2	0

	0	4:		Maukina dataila			Marks a	vailable		
	Ques	tion		Marking details	AO1	AO2	AO3	Total	Maths	Prac
2	(a)	(i)	I	B all correct (2) C any one correct (1) A	2			2		2
			II	step B use up the acid / neutralise the acid / form zinc chloride (1)						
				step C remove (unreacted) zinc carbonate (1) step A remove / evaporate water (1)	3			3		3
		(ii)		ZnCl ₂		1		1		
		(iii)		zinc / zinc oxide / zinc hydroxide accept Zn / ZnO / Zn(OH) ₂	1			1		
	(b)	(i)		3			1	1		1
		(ii)		red and blue - both needed			1	1		1
		(iii)		$0.43 / 0.4$ (2) if answer incorrect award (1) for $\frac{3}{7}$		2		2	1	
		(iv)		dots at 'red' and 'yellow' positions – both needed			1	1		1
				Question 2 total	6	3	3	12	1	8

	Oo.	lion	Marking dataila			Marks a	vailable		
	Quest	tion	Marking details	A01	AO2	AO3	Total	Maths	Prac
3	(a)	(i)	mass of iron per gram 0.10 /0.1 (1) mass of iron per kilogram 100 (1)		2		2	2	
		(ii)	C (1) ecf possible if answer > 120 given in part (i) produces the most iron (1)			2	2		
		(iii)	83 (2) if answer incorrect award (1) for $\frac{29}{35}$ / 82.86 / 82.857 / 82.9	1	1		2	2	
	(b)		air/oxygen and water are needed for rusting to take place (1) salt speeds up rusting (1)			2	2		2
	(c)		painting stops air and/or water (getting to iron) (1) sacrificial protection zinc above iron in reactivity series / zinc more reactive than iron (1) zinc corrodes instead of iron / zinc corrodes before iron (1) do not accept reference to 'zinc <i>rusts</i> instead of iron'	3			3		
	(d)		Fe ₂ O ₃		1		1		
			Question 3 total	4	4	4	12	4	2

Ques	stion		Mayking dataila			Marks a	vailable		
Ques	stion		Marking details	A01	AO2	AO3	Total	Maths	Prac
(a)			C (1)		1				
			(measuring cylinder) is graduated / scaled (1)	1			2		2
(b)	(i)		all points plotted correctly (2) tolerance ±½ square any seven points plotted correctly (1)		2				
			smooth curve through all points (1)			1	3	3	
	(ii)	I	36 ± 0.5		1		1	1	
			ecf possible – accept correct reading reading from graph						
		II	3 ± 0.5		1		1	1	
			ecf possible – accept correct reading reading from graph						
(c)			increased rate / faster reaction (1)						
			bigger surface area (1)						
			greater chance of collision (1)	3			3		
(d)			= 94.6 (1)		1			1	1
			no substance(s) have left or entered the flask/apparatus (1)	1					
			Question 4 total	5	6	1	12	6	3

	Ques	tion	Marking dataila			Marks a	vailable		
	Ques	Stion	Marking details	A01	AO2	AO3	Total	Maths	Prac
5	(a)		ethane and ethene (1) both needed, either order (both contain) hydrogen and carbon only (1)	2			2		
	(b)		methanol and ethanol (1) both needed, either order alcohol(s) (1)	2			2		
	(c)		ethanol	1			1		
	(d)		ethene (1) double bond opens / breaks (1) (ethene molecules) join together / single molecule formed / forms a polymer (1)	3			3		
			Question 5 total	8	0	0	8	0	0

	00	otion	Mayking dataila			Marks a	vailable		
	Ques	stion	Marking details	AO1	AO2	AO3	Total	Maths	Prac
6	(a)	(i)	A carbon dioxide / CO ₂ (1)						
			B chlorine / Cl ₂ (1)						
			\mathbf{C} ammonia / NH_3 (1)			3	3		3
		(ii)	D sodium chloride / NaCl						
			E potassium carbonate / K ₂ CO ₃						
			F calcium iodide / Cal ₂			3	3		3
			award (3) for all six ions correct award (2) for four/five ions correct award (1) for two/three ions correct						
	(b)		2NaCl + BaSO ₄ (2)						
			if incorrect award (1) for BaSO ₄		2		2	1	

Question	Marking dataila	Marks available							
Question	Marking details	AO1	AO2	AO3	Total	Maths	Prac		
6 (c)	Indicative content displacement reactions metals high in reactivity series displace lower metals from solution order of reactivity − Mg, Zn, Cu Mg displaces Zn and Cu therefore must be above Zn and Cu Zn displaces Cu but not Mg therefore Zn above Cu (and below Mg) Cu doesn't displace Mg or Zn therefore below Mg and Zn magnesium + zinc sulfate → magnesium sulfate + zinc Mg + ZnSO₄ → MgSO₄ + Zn	2	2	2	6		6		
	Clear reasoning in giving order of reactivity, good attempt at symbol equal There is a sustained line of reasoning which is coherent, relevant, substance scientific terminology and accurate spelling, punctuation and grammar. 3-4 marks Order of reactivity with some reasoning, good attempt at word equation	tantiated an	C ,			·	opropriat		
	There is a line of reasoning which is partially coherent, largely relevant, candidate uses mainly appropriate scientific terminology and some accunates according to the scientific terminology and some accunates. Order of reactivity, reference to displacement a basic line of reasoning which is not coherent, largely irrelevant the candidate uses limited scientific terminology and inaccuracies in spurious marks.	urate spellin nt, supporte	ng, punctuat ed by limited	ion and gra I evidence a	mmar.				

	0			Maulina detella			Marks a	available		
	Questi	on		Marking details	A01	AO2	AO3	Total	Maths	Prac
7	(a)	(i)		Li ⁺ both boxes (1)						
			2	2,8,8 (1)		2		2		
		(ii)	9	<u>electrostatic</u>	1			1		
		(iii)	I	Li ₂ S		1		1		
	(b)	(i)	(С		1		1		
		(ii)	(covalent	1			1		
				Question 7 total	2	4	0	6	0	0

	Quest	ion	Mayking dataila		Marks available				
•	zuesi	ion	Marking details	AO1	AO2	AO3	Total	Maths	Prac
8	(a)	(i)	temperature goes down / endothermic reaction (1)						
			the greater the mass added, the greater the change (1)			2	2		1
		(ii)	A		1		1		
		(iii)	(electronic) balance	1			1		1
			accept 'scales'						
	(b)	(i)	80 (2)						
			if answer incorrect award (1) for 14 + 4 + 14 + 48		2		2	2	
		(ii)	35 (2) ecf possible from part (i)						
			if answer incorrect award (1) for $\frac{28}{80}$		2		2	2	
	(c)	(i)	85.0 / 85 (2)						
			if answer incorrect award (1) for $\frac{101}{109}$ / 84.87 / 84.9 / 84.874		2		2	1	
		(ii)	uses less natural resources (1)						
			forms less waste (1)	2			2		
			Question 8 total	3	7	2	12	5	2

	Quest	ion	Marking dataila	Marks available AO1 AO2 AO3 Total 2 2 1 1					
'	Quesi	1011	Marking details	AO1	AO2	AO3	Total	Maths	Prac
9	(a)	(i)	0.08 (2) if answer incorrect award (1) for $\frac{total}{4}$		2		2	2	
		(ii)	award (1) for any of following • magnesium oxide lost (during burning) • magnesium oxide smoke escapes • not all the magnesium has reacted • product escapes / lost do not accept 'incorrect readings'			1	1		1
	(b)	(i)	award (1) for any appropriate y and x values e.g. 0.3 and 0.2 accept workings on graph $\frac{y}{x} \text{ value} = 1.5 (1)$		2		2	2	
		(ii)	0.4			1	1	1	
			Question 9 total	0	4	2	6	5	1

Common questions

	Quest	ion	Marking details			Marks a	vailable		
		1011		AO1	AO2	AO3	Total	Maths	Prac
10/1	(a)		proton 1 (1) electron -1 (1)	2			2		
	(b)		fluorine 9 (1) potassium 19 (1) argon 40 (1)		3		3		
	(c)	(i)	В		1		1		
		(ii)	С		1		1		
	(d)		ignore correct or incorrect written electronic structure		1		1		
	(e)	(i)	light / caloric / heat		1		1		
		(ii)	could not be broken down (into simpler substances)		1		1		
			Question 10/1 total	2	8	0	10	0	0

0	stion	Mauking dataile			Marks a	vailable		
Que	Stion	Marking details	AO1	AO2	AO3	Total	Maths	Prac
11/2 (a)) (i)	C (1) ratio of H:O is 2:1 / twice as much hydrogen as oxygen (1) more hydrogen formed than oxygen – neutral answer			2	2	2	
	(ii)	H ⁺ attracted to negative cathode (1) OH ⁻ attracted to positive anode (1) award (2) for either of following • H ⁺ attracted to cathode, OH ⁻ attracted to anode because opposites attract • H ⁺ goes to cathode, OH ⁻ goes to anode because opposites attract	2			2		2
	(iii)	two hydrogen molecules needed (1)		2		2		
(b))	Pb ²⁺ I ⁻ copper/Cu chlorine/Cl ₂ award (1) for each correct answer	4			4		2
		Question 11/2 total	6	2	2	10	2	4

	0	:		Mauking dataila			Marks a	vailable		
(Quest	ion		Marking details	AO1	AO2	AO3	Total	Maths	Prac
12/3	(a)	(i)	I			1		1		
			II	30 do not accept 60		1		1		
			III	stored in oil / stored in liquid paraffin do not accept 'paraffin'	1			1		1
		(ii)	I	products LiOH + H_2 (1) balancing 2 (LiOH) (1)		2		2		
			II	purple (1) accept 'blue' (strong) alkali (1)	2			2		2
		(iii)		2Li + Cl₂ → 2LiCl reactants and product (1) balancing (1) reactants and product must be correct before awarding balancing mark		2		2		
	(b)			Li ₂ CO ₃		1		1		
				Question 12/3 total	3	7	0	10	0	3

Questio	'n	Marking dataila			Marks a	vailable		
Questio)	Marking details	AO1	AO2	AO3	Total	Maths	Prac
4 (a)	(i)	products Fe + CO ₂ (1)						
		balancing $2(Fe) + 3(CO_2)$ (1)		2		2		
		products must be correct before awarding balancing mark						
((ii)	iron(III) oxide loses oxygen / Fe ³⁺ ions gain electrons (forming iron)	1			1		
(b)		neutralisation / acid-base reaction (1)						
		CaO is a base/alkali and SiO ₂ is an acid (1)	2			2		
(c)		limestone is heated (1)						
		(limestone) breaks down / undergoes decomposition (1)	2			2		2
		calcium carbonate ≡ limestone						
		award (2) for 'thermal decomposition of limestone'						
(d)		to heat up in-going air	1			1		
		Question 4 total	6	2	0	8	0	2

	Quest	ion		Marking dataila			Marks a	vailable		
'	Quesi	1011		Marking details	AO1	AO2	AO3	Total	Maths	Prac
5	(a)	(i)		C=C (1) accept 'alkene'						
				H H -C-C- (1) ignore 'n' and brackets H Cl	2			2		
		(ii)	I	HO-C-N-NH ₂ + H ₂ O	2			2		
				award (1) for dimer and (1) for water						
			Ш	two (different) functional groups at ends of each monomer (1)						
				functional groups react / join (1)						
				repeating unit contains both monomers (1)						
				small molecule / H ₂ O also formed (1)	4			4		

Question	Maybing dataila			Marks a	vailable		
Question		AO1	AO2	AO3	Total	Maths	Prac
Question	credit possible for any choice credit points relating to one material only award (1) each for any of following plastic bottle low/lowest CO ₂ emission therefore less/least effect on global warming light/lightest therefore fewer trucks and least effect on global warming loo% of bottles recyclable therefore sustainable OR aluminium comparable CO ₂ emission to plastic therefore low effect on global warming no degradation to properties therefore can be re-used for same purpose high / 70 % recyclable therefore nearly sustainable least time to break down relatively low mass therefore fewer trucks and less effect on global warming	AO1	AO2			Maths	Prac
	glass readily available raw materials no degradation of properties re-usable						
	Question 5 total	8	0	3	11	0	0

	Quest	ion		Marking dataila			Marks a	vailable		
	Quesi	1011		Marking details	AO1	AO2	AO3	Total	Maths	Prac
6	(a)			ammonium carbonate / (NH ₄) ₂ CO ₃						
				calcium iodide / Cal ₂ copper(II) bromide / CuBr ₂			3	3		3
				copper(ii) brothlide / Cubr ₂			3	3		3
				award (3) for all six ions correct award (2) for four/five ions correct						
				award (1) for two/three ions correct						
	(b)		a	alanine (1)						
			l'	ysine (1)			2	2	1	2
				Question 6 total	0	0	5	5	1	5

	Ouest	ion				Markina	dotoilo				Marks a	available		
	Quest	ion				Marking	details		AO1	AO2	AO3	Total	Maths	Prac
7	(a)	(i)	(hig	her value)) copper no	ot dried co	mpletely /	contains water (1)					-	
			dry	/ heat the	copper un	itil constan	it mass (1)			2	2		2
		(ii)	`	ŕ	copper rer			flask (1)						
					with wate			per) (1)			2	2		2
	(b)					Metal nitra	ate solutior							
				Metal	metal A	metal B	metal C							
				Α		X	X	√ ·						
				В	✓		X	√						
				С	✓	✓		✓			2	2		2
				D	Х	Х	Х							
					all 12 corre any 6 corre									

Ougation	Mayking dataila			Marks a	vailable		
Question	Marking details	A01	AO2	AO3	Total	Maths	Prac
(c)	 award (1) for any of following doesn't rely on (human) observation changes might not be visible changes too slow to be seen quantitative readings (can measure small changes) 			1	1		
(d)	63.6 (2) if answer incorrect award (1) for $(63 \times 70) + (65 \times 30)$		2		2	2	
	Question 7 total	0	2	7	9	2	6

	Quest	ion	Marking dataila			Marks a	vailable		
	Quesi	ion	Marking details	AO1	AO2	AO3	Total	Maths	Prac
8	(a)	(i)	 award (1) for each of the following electron transfer correct charges octet around oxygen / electronic structure for both ions 		3		3		
		(ii)	four electrons in intersection (1) octet around each atom (1)		2		2		
		(iii)	calcium oxide has strong (electrostatic) forces between ions / strong ionic bonding (1) oxygen has weak intermolecular forces (1)	2			2		
	(b)		delocalised electrons / sea of electrons / free electrons (1) electrons can move / mobile electrons / electrons carry charge from place to place (1)	2			2		
			Question 8 total	4	5	0	9	0	0

0.	uestion	Marking dataila			Marks a	vailable		
Qt	uestion	Marking details	AO1	AO2	AO3	Total	Maths	Prac
9 ((a)	energy absorbed in bond breaking = 4728 (2)						
		if incorrect award (1) for [5(413) + 347 + 358 + 464 + 3(498)]						
		energy released in bond making = 6004 (2)						
		if incorrect award (1) for [4(805) + 6(464)]						
		overall energy change = 1276 (1) accept -ve value		5		5	5	
		ecf possible						
	(b)		1			1		
	(c)	as the number of carbon atoms (present in an alcohol) increases the (overall relative) energy change increases (1) the increase is linear / proportional accept description e.g. for every additional carbon atom the energy increases by 618 / approximately 600 (1) positive correlation – neutral answer			2	2	2	
		Question 9 total	1	5	2	8	7	0

	Ouget	ion	Marking dataile			Marks a	vailable		
'	Quest	ion	Marking details	AO1	AO2	AO3	Total	Maths	Prac
10	(a)		cooling between heating and adding acid / time delay in adding acid	1			1		1
			do not accept 'adding cold acid'						
	(b)		$2 \text{ cm} \equiv 10^{\circ}\text{C}$ $2 \text{ cm} \equiv 10 \times 10^{-3} \text{ s}^{-1}$ (1) both needed all five readings plotted correctly (2) tolerance $\pm \frac{1}{2}$ square any three readings plotted correctly (1)		3				
			smooth curve of best fit (1)			1	4	4	4
	(c)	(i)	award (1) for rate read from graph at any temperature award (1) for second rate read at temperature 10°C higher / lower e.g. rate at 20°C is 4×10^{-3} and rate at 30°C is 8×10^{-3}		2		2	2	2
		(ii)	at 70° C rate = 128×10^{-3} (1) 1/t = 0.128 (1) t = 7.8 / 8 s (1)			3	3	3	
		(iii)	percentage error in timing is a large proportion of 5 s / delay in stopping stopwatch is a large proportion of 5 s human error / difficult to stop the watch quickly enough – neutral		1		1		1
			Question 10 total	1	6	4	11	9	8

	2		Maultin v dataila			Marks a	vailable		
(Quest	ion	Marking details	AO1	AO2	AO3	Total	Maths	Prac
l1	(a)	(i)	reaction in equilibrium will oppose any changes / (at high temperature) the system will move to decrease temperature / (at low pressure) the system will move to increase pressure (1)						
			therefore move in endothermic reaction / move L to R (1)						
			therefore move in direction of greater number of particles / move L to R (1)			3	3		
		(ii)	17.6 (2) answer must be given to 3 significant figures	1	1		2	2	
			if answer incorrect award (1) for $\frac{6}{34} \times 100$						
		(iii)	$\frac{0.16}{16} = 0.01$ (1)						
			0.01:0.03 (1)						
			$0.03 \times 0.024 = 0.00072 / 7.2 \times 10^{-4} \text{ m}^3$ (1) ecf possible		3		3	3	
	(b)		award (1) for each element and its benefit nitrogen / N strong growth / fast growth / more seeds / more fruit / better quality plants / helps photosynthesis / building proteins phosphorus / P helps roots grow / helps flowers grow / plant development /						
			respiration potassium / K important for overall plant health / reduces disease	3			3		

Ougstion	Maulium dataila			Marks a	available		
Question	Marking details	AO1	AO2	AO3	Total	Maths	Prac
(c)	Indicative content phosphoric acid /ammonium hydroxide inter-changeable appropriate apparatus e.g. burette, conical flask measured amount of alkali in conical flask add indicator e.g. phenolphthalein add acid drop-wise near end-point / colour change/ neutralisation record volume of acid added repeat without indicator adding recorded volume of acid boil off some of the water leave solution to evaporate dry crystals obtained	6			6		6
	5-6 marks Effective method; good attempt at symbol equation There is a sustained line of reasoning which is coherent, relevant, substantial scientific terminology and accurate spelling, punctuation and grammar. 3-4 marks Description of initial step; evaporation to obtain crystals; word equation There is a line of reasoning which is partially coherent, largely relevant, supported at uses mainly appropriate scientific terminology and some accurate 1-2 marks Attempt at description of method; apparatus named; attempt at word equation There is a basic line of reasoning which is not coherent, largely irrelevant, support is a basic line of reasoning which is not coherent, largely irrelevant, support is a basic line of reasoning which is not coherent, largely irrelevant, support is a basic line of reasoning which is not coherent, largely irrelevant, support is a basic line of reasoning which is not coherent, largely irrelevant, support is a basic line of reasoning which is not coherent, largely irrelevant, support is a basic line of reasoning which is not coherent, largely irrelevant, support is a basic line of reasoning which is not coherent, largely irrelevant, support is a basic line of reasoning which is not coherent, largely irrelevant, support is a basic line of reasoning which is not coherent, largely irrelevant, support is a basic line of reasoning which is not coherent, largely irrelevant, support is a basic line of reasoning which is not coherent.	ported by s spelling, p n upported b	some evide ounctuation y limited e	ence and w n and gram vidence an	vith some s nmar.	tructure. 7	he
	Question 11 total	10	4	3	17	5	6

Question				Marking details		Marks available						
						AO2	AO3	Total	Maths	Prac		
12	(a)	(i)	I	moles of NaOH = 0.0015 (1)								
				ratio 0.00075: 0.0015 (1)								
				conc ⁿ of acid = 0.03 (1)		3		3	3			
				alternative method								
				$2 \times \text{conc}^n$ of acid \times vol of acid = conc ⁿ of alkali \times vol of alkali (1)								
				$2 \times \text{conc}^{\text{n}} \text{ of acid } \times 25 = 0.1 \times 15 (1)$								
				$conc^n$ of acid = 0.03 (1)								
				ecf possible throughout								
			II	1.86 ecf possible from part I		1		1	1			
		(ii)		malic acid / other acids in apple juice (will also neutralise the alkali)			1	1				

Question	Marking details		Marks available						
Question			AO2	AO3	Total	Maths	Prac		
(b) (i)	sodium ethanoate	1			1				
(ii)	Mg + 2CH ₃ COOH → Mg(CH ₃ COO) ₂ + H ₂ reactants (1) products (1) balancing (1) reactants and products must be correct to award the balancing mark		3		3	1			
(c)	ethanoic acid is a weaker acid (1) less dissociation of ions in ethanoic acid / less H ⁺ in solution (1) ethanoic acid contains 100 times less H ⁺ ions in solution than hydrochloric acid (1) accept converse throughout	3			3				
	Question 12 total	4	7	1	12	5	0		

FOUNDATION TIER

SUMMARY OF MARKS ALLOCATED TO ASSESSMENT OBJECTIVES

Question	A01	AO2	AO3	TOTAL MARK	MATHS	PRAC
1	6	0	2	8	2	0
2	6	3	3	12	1	8
3	4	4	4	12	4	2
4	5	6	1	12	6	3
5	8	0	0	8	0	0
6	2	4	8	14	1	12
7	2	4	0	6	0	0
8	3	7	2	12	5	2
9	0	4	2	6	5	1
10	2	8	0	10	0	0
11	6	2	2	10	2	4
12	3	7	0	10	0	3
TOTAL	47	49	24	120	26	35

HIGHER TIER

SUMMARY OF MARKS ALLOCATED TO ASSESSMENT OBJECTIVES

Question	AO1	AO2	AO3	TOTAL MARK	MATHS	PRAC
1	2	8	0	10	0	0
2	6	2	2	10	2	4
3	3	7	0	10	0	3
4	6	2	0	8	0	2
5	8	0	3	11	0	0
6	0	0	5	5	1	5
7	0	2	7	9	2	6
8	4	5	0	9	0	0
9	1	5	2	8	7	0
10	1	6	4	11	9	8
11	10	4	3	17	5	6
12	4	7	1	12	5	0
TOTAL	45	48	27	120	31	34

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